	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Candidate Name		

# International General Certificate of Secondary Education CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**ACCOUNTING** 

0452/2

PAPER 2

### **OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002**

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper. No additional materials are required.

TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this question paper are fictitious.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
TOTAL		

(a) Giv	e <b>one</b> example of a current asset.			[1]
bus	me the accounting concept which siness should be recorded in the bus	tates that only the fina	ancial transactions	of the
	een bought goods on credit from .			
	ered on the credit side of Jonah's ac		<b>3</b> - , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(i)	Name this type of error.			
(ii)	Green returned some of the good Green sent to Jones.			
				[1]
(iii)	Name the books of prime (original recorded,	al) entry in which the	return of the good	ls was
	1 in Green's books.			
	2 in Jones's books.			
<b>d)</b> Sta	te the basis on which a business sh			[2]
, - ,				[1]
•	me the final account to which the asferred at the end of the financial ye	balance of the Carria	age Outwards acco	ount is
(f) Jos	eph owns a photographic business.			[1]
For	each of the three items below, place	e one tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the co	rrect box.	
		Revenue expenditure	Capital expenditure	
1	New lighting equipment			
2	Cost of installing new lighting			
3	Repairs to camera and enlarger			[3]

(g)		the financial yea wed the following.	r ended 30 S	September 2	2002, a	business's	Insurance	account	
							\$		
	1 00	ctober 2001	Balance bi	rought down	(Dr)		2000		
	3 Ja	nuary 2002		ium for 12 m	onths				
			to 31 Dece	ember 2002			10 000		
		culate the amount he year ended 30					t and Loss	Account	
								[4]	
(h)	Expl	ain what is meant	by a compens	sating error.					
								[2]	
(i)	Amo	30 June 2002 the ounts paid into his 0. No other amend	bank account,	, but not yet				. ,	
	(i)	Calculate the bal Show your working		on the trade	er's bank	statement	on 30 Jur	ne 2002.	
								[2]	
	(ii)	In the trader's ba entered for 'Bank			2002, s	state the am	nount that v	vould be	
			•••••					[1]	

2 Mai Hemme is a sole trader who buys all her goods for resale on credit. She sells to cash and credit customers.

Mai does not keep full accounting records, but is able to supply the following information for the year ended 30 June 2002.

	At 1 July 2001	At 30 June 2002
	\$	\$
Stock	5 000	7 000
Debtors	6 000	8 000
Creditors	3 000	4 000

Other information for the year is as follows.

\$
50 000
31 000
10 000

(a) Use the necessary information from the above figures to calculate Mai's sales and purchases for the year ended 30 June 2002.

Show your workings in the spaces provided below.

•	Calculation of sales

	(ii)	Calculation of purchases
		[9]
(b)		ng your answer to <b>(a)</b> and other information that you have been given, complete s's Trading Account below.
		Mai Hemme
		Trading Account for the year ended 30 June 2002
		[5]
(c)		culate Mai's rate of stock turnover for the year ended 30 June 2002. Show your kings.
		[3]

- 3 The Balance Sheet of Harry Stotl is given below with some words and figures missing.
  - (a) Enter the missing words and figures in the boxes (i) to (v) on the Balance Sheet.

## Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2002

				·		
Fixed Asat cost (i)	)	\$ 18 000	\$ 68 000	Capital at 1 October 2001	\$	\$ 68 000
Current ( Stock Trade de Prepaym	btors (v)	16 000	22 000	Add net profit for year (  Less (iv)  Current Liabilities  Bank overdraft	2000	88 000 8 000 80 000
		-	90 000	Trade creditors	8 000	90 000
						[5]
(b) Calc	culate, show	ing your wo	rkings,			
(i)	Harry's cur	rent ratio				
						[2]
(ii)	Harry's qui	ck ratio				
						[3]

) (i)	Calculate Harry's working capital. Show your workings.
	[2]
(ii)	Explain <b>two</b> effects if a business does <b>not</b> have enough working capital.
	[4]

(a)	Explain the reducing (diminishing) balance method of	depreciation.
		[
	e financial year of Joe's engineering business ends on ances in Joe's ledger included the following.	31 August. On 1 September 200
	Equipment Provision for depreciation of equipment	\$ 40 000 (Dr) 15 000 (Cr)
You	are given the following further information.	
1.	Joe depreciates his equipment at the rate of 10% per new equipment is calculated from the date of purchase	•
2.	Additional equipment purchases during the year ende	d 31 August 2002 were:
	1 September 2001 1 March 2002	\$ 30 000 20 000
	Both purchases were paid for by cheque.	
3.	There were no sales of equipment during the year.	
(b)	Make the entries required to record the above trans below.	actions in Joe's ledger accoun
	Equipment account	

[3]

# (c) Complete the extract below to show how Equipment appears in Joe's Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2002. Extract from Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2002 Fixed Assets Cost Accumulated Net book depreciation value \$

(d) Explain how the accounting concept of prudence is observed when Joe provides for the

0452/2/O/N/02 **[Turn over** 

Equipment

depreciation of his equipment.

- **5** Brown and White are in partnership. Their partnership agreement provides that:
  - 1. Partners are entitled to interest on their fixed capitals at 5% per annum.
  - 2. Partners' loans carry interest at 10% per annum.
  - 3. White is to receive a salary of \$4000 a year.
  - 4. Profits and losses are shared, Brown  $\frac{3}{5}$ , White  $\frac{2}{5}$ .

For the financial year ended 30 September 2002, balances in the partnership's books after the Trading Account was prepared included the following.

		Dr	Cr
		\$	\$
Capital accounts, 1 October 2001:	Brown		30 000
	White		15 000
Fixed assets at cost		40 000	
Gross profit for the year			24 000
Insurance		4 000	
General expenses		4 900	
Discounts allowed and received		1 200	700

You are given the following further information.

(1) At 30 September 2002:

Insurance prepaid was \$1000, General expenses accrued were \$600.

- (2) Depreciation on fixed assets is to be provided at 10% on cost.
- (3) On 1 October 2001 Brown made a loan of \$10 000 to the partnership. No loan interest was paid to Brown in the year ended 30 September 2002.

(a)		pare (i) the partnership's Profit and Loss Account and (ii) the partnership's ropriation Account for the year ended 30 September 2002.
	(i)	Brown and White Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2002
		[10]
	(ii)	Appropriation Account for the year ended 30 September 2002
		ΓΩΙ

(b)	State and explain <b>one</b> possible reason why White receives a salary in addition to his share of partnership profits.
	[2]